ORDERED MULTISIGNATURES AND IDENTITY-BASED SEQUENTIAL AGGREGATE SIGANTURES

Alexandra Boldyreva (Georgia Tech)
Craig Gentry (Stanford)
Adam O'Neill (Georgia Tech)
Dae Hyun Yum (POSTECH, Korea)

When people sign a document, order can matter.

IN CONGRESS, JULY 4, 1776.

The unanimous Declaration of the thirteen united States of Homerica.

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e united States of America, in General Congress, Assembled, appealing People of these bolonies, folemnly publish and declare, That these United bolo he British brown, and that all political connection between them and the State full Power to levy War, conclude Peace, contract Alliances, establish Commerce, and port of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the Protection of divine Providen Jan Hancock Showmorris Hooper) Who Hewes. Beng. Amanklin Samuel Chases Tinn Win Pacas John Morton Tho! Stone Geoflymer Smith Charles Canoll of Carroll In raid Ruttedge /. 480. Jaylor James Wilson bey was of Jun! George Wythe 911. 110/5 mas Lynch Jun Richard Henry Lee

MULTISIGNATURES

- Multisignature: Compact signature that convices a verifier that a group of signers signed some message.
- What about verifiability of the order of signing?
- Where the need for this arises: Internet packet routing, troubleshooting.

AGGREGATE SIGNATURES

- Similar to multisignatures, but allows each signer to sign its own message.
- This functionality allows signers to sign their order as well.
- But constructions are less efficient than those for multisignatures.

OUR RESULTS

- We introduce ordered multisignatures: allows signers to attest to both a message and signing order.
- We define a security model.
- Very efficient, pairing-based, non-interactive construction (more efficient than all known aggregate schemes).
- We prove its security under standard assumptions.

OUR RESULTS (CONT.)

- We also treat identity-based sequential aggregate signatures.
- ID-based setting cuts out bandwidth and storage associated with PKI here.
- We define a new security model.
- We give an efficient, non-interactive pairing-based construction (signature size 3 group elts) and prove its security.

OUR RESULTS (CONT.)

- The construction does not rely on clock synchronization or a trusted first signer as in previous constructions.
- Applications include S-BGP route attestation.